

#### Intended Use

Quantitative determination of Apolipoprotein A1 (APA) in human serum by turbidimetric immunoassav.

For professional in vitro diagnostic use only.

### **Diagnostics Implications**

Apo A1 is the main protein component of HDL (High Density Lipoprotein). Apo A1 activates lecithin cholesterol acyltransferase which catalyses the esterification of cholesterol. The resulting esterified cholesterol can then be transported to the liver, metabolised and excreted. Persons with athero-sclerotic vascular changes frequently exhibit decreased levels of Apo A1. Even if the concentrations of apolipoprotein B are normal, a decreased Apo A1 level may be a risk factor for atherosclerotic processes. Decreased levels of Apo A1 also occur in dyslipoproteinemias, acute hepatic cirrhosis and insulin-treated patients.

#### Method

Measurement of antigen-antibody reaction by the end-point method.

# Reagents Provided

The same reagents are supplied in different volume formats depending on the I.S.E. S.r.I. analysers utilised and installed reagent support.

Supplied Volumes

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	Product Code	
	R3330000033	A-R1100000201
Vial size	18 / 18 mL	50 / 20 mL
Reagent 1	1 x 17.5 mL	1x 50.0 mL
Reagent 2	1x 3.4 mL	1x 9.5 mL

Reagent format

Reagent	Format	Code
Reagent 1 – Buffer (liquid)	Ready to Use	115C03
Reagent 2 – Antiserum (liquid)	Ready to Use	115C02

Reagent Contents

Reagent 1:	Conc.	U.M.
Phosphate buffered saline	•	-
Enhancer	•	-
Detergent	•	-
Sodium azide	0.95	g/L
Reagent 2:		
Phosphate buffered saline		-
Polyclonal goat anti-human Apolipoprotein	Variable	-
A1		
Sodium azide	0.95	g/L

## Stability and Storage

The reagents are stable until expiry date when kept at 2-8°C. Stability in the instrument is at least 4 weeks if contamination is avoided. Do not freeze.

# Reagents required but not supplied

1. Saline (9 g/L NaCl)

2. Calibrators and Controls

2. Calibrators and Control	5
Key Reference	Description
R1300001501	APO A1/B Calibrator High, 1 mL
R1400000401	APO A1/B Control, 1 mL

Pooled human serum, liquid and stabilized. Contains 0.95 g/L sodium azide. Values are stated in the insert.

# Sample collection and storage

Use fresh serum. If the test cannot be carried out on the same day, the serum may be stored at  $2-8^{\circ}$ C for 48 hours. If stored for a longer period, the sample should be frozen.

# **General Assay Procedure**

Application sheets are available upon request for use with I.S.E. S.r.l. automated systems. All applications not explicitly approved by I.S.E. S.r.l. cannot be guaranteed in terms of performance and must therefore be established by the operator. Wavelength  $\lambda$ =340nm.

Sample/Control/Standard: dilute 1:2 in saline 9 g/L. Control/Standard to be reconstituted. Reference curve: generate a reference curve by diluting the standard high level Ref. R1300001501 1:1, 1:2, 1:4, 1:8, 1:16 in saline 9 g/L. Use saline 9 g/L as zero point.

Quality control

It is necessary, each time the kit is used, to perform the quality controls and to check that values obtained are within the acceptance range provided in the insert. Each laboratory should establish its own mean and standard deviation and adopt a quality control program to monitor laboratory testing.

If erratic results occur, please contact an authorised ISE representative.

## **Normal Ranges**

Men: 107 - 177 mg/dL (IFCC) Women: 107 - 205 mg/dL.

Reference values are considered indicative since each laboratory should establish reference ranges for its own patient population. The analytical results should be evaluated with other information coming from patient's clinical history.

## Performances

The performance characteristics for the Apolipoprotein A1 reagents were measured on a clinical chemistry analyzer.

Measuring range: 0 - 300 mg/dL.
Detection Limit: 4 mg/dL
Hookeffect: > 5500 mg/dL

Sensitivity: 0.00074 ABS units/concentration unit

#### Precision of the method

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Condition	U.M.	Low	Medium	High
Intra-Run	CV%	3.05	1.12	1.48
Inter-Run	CV%		1.63	_

Accuracy of the method

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Control	U.M.	Assigned	Measured
Aptec	mg/dL	109 (93 - 125)	108
Seronorm	mg/dL	160 (135 - 183)	169

Specificity: Monospecific.

Interferences: No interference for: Hemoglobin (1000 mg/dL), Bilrubin

(20 mg/dL) and Triglyceride (2500 mg/dL).

Limitations: None

Comparison with nephelometry: y = 0.9272x + 13.115 r = 0.9900

Stability at 2 - 8°C: at least 3 years after production

# **Precautions and Warnings**

- 1. In vitro diagnostic use only
- Refer to the safety data sheets (SDS) and take the necessary precautions for the use of laboratory reagents.
- 3. Do not use after expiry date and do not interchange reagents from different lots.
- 4. Replace caps on reagents immediately after use. Do not switch caps.
- Do not pipet by mouth. Do not smoke, eat, drink or use cosmetics during the use of the reagent. Do not swallow.
- Sodium azide has been reported to form lead or copper azide in laboratory plumbing which may explode on percussion. Flush drains whit water thoroughly after disposing of fluids containing sodium azide.
- 7. Polyethyleneglycol is not biohazardous.
- 8. Each donor unit used in the preparation of the reagents, standards and controls was found to be negative for the presence of HIV1 and HIV2 antibodies, as well as for the hepatitis B surface antigen and anti-hepatitis C antibodies, using a method approved by the FDA. However, the material must be considered potentially hazardous and handled with the same care as samples taken from patients.
- Cuts, abrasions, and other skin lesions should be properly protected with an appropriate waterproof dressing.
- Take care to avoid self-inoculation, splashing of mucous membranes or generation
  of aerosols. Laboratory gloves should be worn while handling patients' samples or
  disposing of solid or liquid wastes.
- 11. In addition to the eventual risk indications regarding the active components, the reagents contain inactive components such as preservatives (e.g. sodium azide or others) and detergents. The total concentrations of these components are lower than the limits reported by the current directive sand following modification and amendments. However, it is recommended to handle reagents carefully, to avoid ingestion and contact with eyes, skin and mucus membranes and to use laboratory reagents according to good laboratory practice.
- All human samples must be handled and disposed of as potentially infectious materials.

## Disposal of reagent

Disposal of reagents must be performed in accordance with the EC regulations regarding waste, or the local national or regional legislation.

ISE STI	Apolipoprotein A1		Instru	ıction For Use	$\epsilon$	1-22		
E E		3330000033	<b>R1</b> : 1x 17.5 mL	<b>R2</b> : 1x 3.4 m	ηL			- 15-1
CUSTOMISED SOLUTIONS FOR YOUR LABORATORY	REF A-	-R1100000201	<b>R1</b> : 1x 50.0 mL	<b>R2</b> : 1x 9.5 m	ıL		IVD	Rev.E

Reporting of serious incidents
The user must report (through the distributor) any serious accident occurring in relation to the device to both the manufacturer and the competent authority of the European Union Member State in which the user and / or patient is established. For other jurisdictions, reports of serious incidents must be produced in accordance with regulatory requirements.

Symbols on labels and packaging

Cymbols on it	abels and packaging
IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
REF	Catalog Number
LOT	Lot number
***	Manufacturer
$\square$	Expiry date
1	Temperature limitation
[]i	Consult Instructions for use
Rn	Reagent "n"

- 1. Rifai, N., Ann. Clin. Lab. Science. 18, 429 (1988) 2. Gordon, T. et al., Ann. J. Med. 62, 707 (1977) 3. Rieser, W. et al., Atherosclerosis 37, 157 (1980) 4. Alanpovic, P., Ann. Biol. Clin. 38, 83 (1980) 5. Dati, F. et al., Lab. Med. 13, 87 (1989)

Revision	history	
Rev.E	15-11-2022	Revision of the document